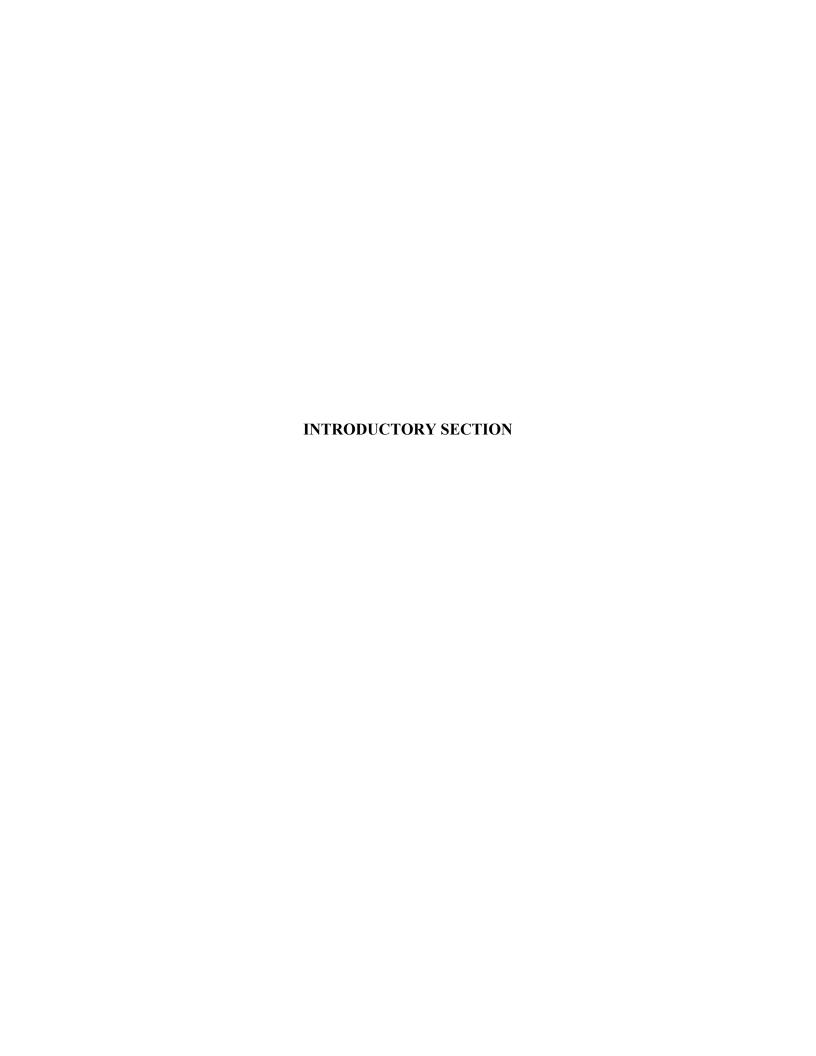
ROCK SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT LUVERNE, MINNESOTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

NAME	TERM ON BOARD EXPIRES	BOARD POSITION
Roger Hoff - District III Josh Ossefoort - District II Dave Esselink - District IV Eugene Cragoe - District I	December 31, 2024 December 31, 2022 December 31, 2024 December 31, 2024	Chair Vice Chair Treasurer Secretary
Jim Veldkamp - District V	December 31, 2022	Member
	ADMINISTRATION	
NAME	POSITION	
Eric Hartman	Director	
Doug Bos	Assistant Director	
Mary Thompson	Office Manager	
Lynette Jauert	Office Manager	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Supervisors Rock Soil and Water Conservation District Luverne, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Rock Soil and Water Conservation District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of intergovernmental revenue is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of intergovernmental revenue is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota October 27, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

The Rock Soil and Water Conservation District's discussion and analysis provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

USING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. For governmental activities, financial statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by provide information about the District's general fund. Since Districts are single-purpose government units, the District combines the government-wide and fund financial statements into a single presentation. Rock Soil and Water Conservation District has elected to present in this format.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the state and local governmental funding, to assess the overall health of the District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District presents governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are reported here. Appropriations from the county and state finance most activities.

Reporting the District's General Fund

Our analysis of the District's general fund is part of this report. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the general fund – not the District as a whole. The District presents only a general fund, which is a governmental fund. All of the District's basic services are reported in the general fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of the fund and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The general fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation used with the financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Our analysis focuses on the net position and change in net position of the District's governmental activities.

Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
	2022		2021		
<u>Assets</u>				_	
Current assets	\$	1,739,904	\$	446,365	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		6,085		8,344	
Total assets	\$	1,745,989	\$	454,709	
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities	\$	1,620,763	\$	343,299	
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets	\$	6,085	\$	8,344	
Unrestricted		119,141		103,066	
Total net position	\$	125,226	\$	111,410	

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$13,816. Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements changed from \$103,066 at December 31, 2021 to \$119,141 at December 31, 2022.

Change in Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
Revenues	2022 2021			2021	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,200,908	\$	449,129	
Charges for services		19,514		19,620	
Interest earnings		20,888		5,363	
Miscellaneous		19,411		495	
Total revenues	\$	1,260,721	\$	474,607	
Expenses					
Conservation	\$	1,246,905	\$	501,230	
Total expenses	\$	1,246,905	\$	501,230	
	-				
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	13,816	\$	(26,623)	

The District's total revenues increased by \$786,114 or 166% due to the wellhead grant project. The total cost of all programs and services increased by \$745,675 or 149% with existing programs, primarily due to wellhead grant project. The net position for governmental activities increased by \$13,816 compared to a decrease of \$26,623 in 2021.

GENERAL FUND

As the District completed this year, its general fund reported a fund balance of \$119,141 which is an increase from last year's balance of \$16,075. General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$16,075.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were \$935,953 over the final budgeted amounts. This is primarily due to a large wellhead grant project.

Resources available for appropriation (revenues) were over budget by \$952,028. This is primarily due to intergovernmental revenues coming in higher than anticipated. The district received grant funds in previous years that were reported as unearned until eligible expenditures were incurred. Eligible costs were incurred in 2022 in excess of budgeted figures.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of 2022, the District had \$6,085 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including office equipment, survey equipment, tree planting equipment and tree matting equipment. Depreciation expense totaled \$2,259 and there were no additions or disposals in 2022.

The District does not have any long-term liabilities as of December 31, 2022.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 budget and fees. Such factors include agricultural and nonagricultural job growth, population growth, unemployment figures, inflation, and other indicators.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Rock Soil and Water Conservation District's finances. Questions concerning any of the financial information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of the Rock Soil and Water Conservation District, Eric Hartman, 311 W Gabrielson Road, Luverne, MN 56156 at 507-283-8862.



EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED ACCRUAL TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General Fund	A	djustments	overnmental Activities
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,608,663	\$	-	\$ 1,608,663
Due from other governments	3,637		-	3,637
Prepaid items	127,604		-	127,604
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets				
Depreciable - net	 		6,085	 6,085
Total Assets	\$ 1,739,904	\$	6,085	\$ 1,745,989
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 974	\$	-	\$ 974
Due to other governments	1,203,775		-	1,203,775
Unearned revenue	416,014		-	 416,014
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,620,763	\$		\$ 1,620,763
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable for prepaid items	\$ 127,604	\$	(127,604)	
Unassigned	(8,463)		8,463	
Total Fund Balance	\$ 119,141	\$	(119,141)	
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets		\$	6,085	\$ 6,085
Unrestricted			119,141	 119,141
Total Net Position		\$	125,226	\$ 125,226
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$ 1,739,904	\$	6,085	\$ 1,745,989

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED ACCRUAL TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

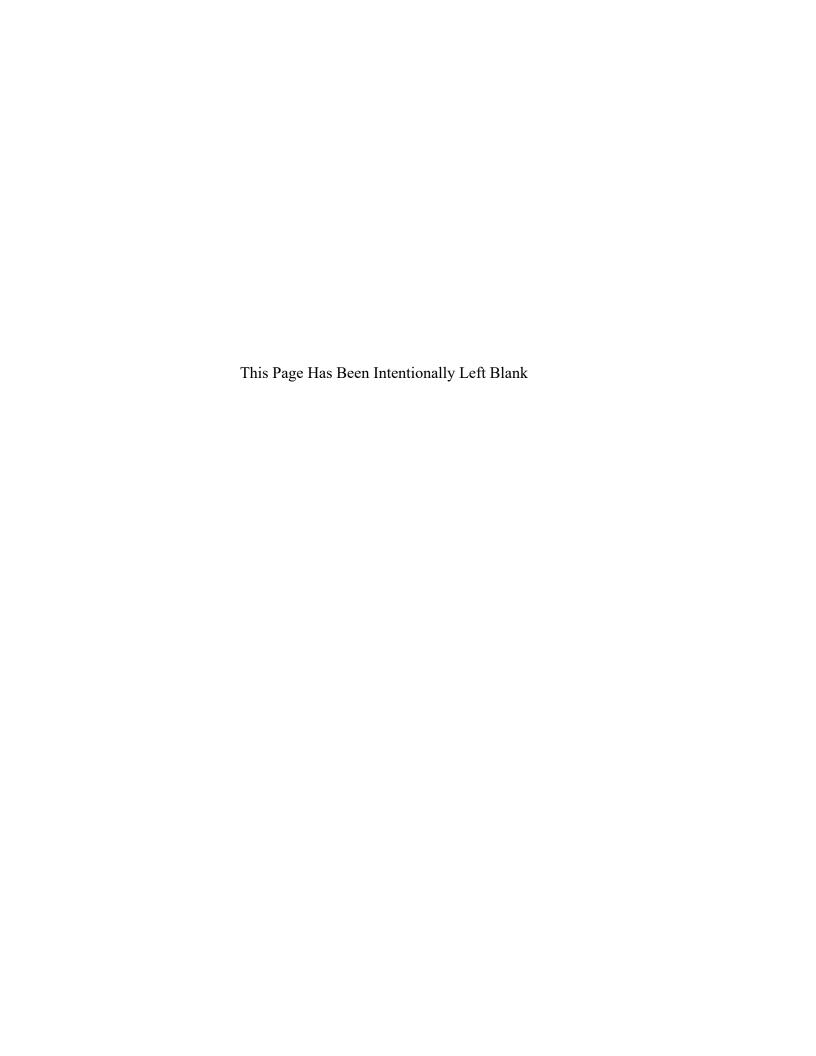
Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance to Net Position Fund Balance - General Fund	\$	119,141
Capital assets are reported on the Statement of Net Position but not on the General Fund Balance Sheet.	_	6,085
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	125,226

EXHIBIT 2

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES – STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE BETWEEN MODIFIED ACCRUAL AND FULL ACCRUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FOR THE TEA		General Fund	Ź	justments	Statement of Activities	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	1,200,908	\$	-	\$	1,200,908
Charges for services Investment earnings		19,514 20,888		-		19,514 20,888
Miscellaneous		19,411		<u>-</u>		19,411
Total Revenues	\$	1,260,721	\$		\$	1,260,721
Expenditures/Expenses						
Current						
Public safety			Φ.			1.016.00.5
Conservation	\$	1,244,646	\$	2,259	\$	1,246,905
Total Expenditures/Expenses	\$	1,244,646	\$	2,259	\$	1,246,905
Net Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	16,075	\$	(2,259)	\$	13,816
Fund Balance/Net Position - January 1		103,066		8,344		111,410
Fund Balance/Net Position - December 31	\$	119,141	\$	6,085	\$	125,226
Reconciliation of the Statement of General Fund Reand Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of A Net Change in Fund Balance Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendent of Activities, the cost of those assets is all	Activities	ver, in the			\$	16,075
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation of				(2.2.50)		(2.2.5)
Current year depreciation expense			\$	(2,259)	-	(2,259)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	13,816



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Rock Soil and Water Conservation District is organized under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes §103c. The District is governed by a board of supervisors composed of five members nominated by voters of the district and elected to four-year terms by the voters of the County.

The purpose of the District is to assist land occupiers in applying practices for the conservation of soil and water resources. These practices are intended to control wind and water erosion, pollution of lakes and streams, and damage to wetlands and wildlife habitats.

The Rock Soil and Water Conservation District, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture National Resources Conservation Service and other agencies, provides technical and financial assistance to individuals, groups, organizations, and governments in reducing costly waste of soil and water resulting from soil erosion, sedimentation, pollution, and improper land use.

Each fiscal year the District develops a work plan which is used as a guide in using resources effectively to provide maximum conservation of all lands within its boundaries. The work plan includes guidelines for employees and technicians to follow in order to achieve the District's objectives.

Rock County acts as fiscal agent for the District and reports the District as a custodial fund of the County.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial reporting entity include the primary government and component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. Under these principles the District does not have any component units.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basic financial statements include information on the District's activities as a whole and information on the individual fund (the General Fund) of the District. These separate presentations are reported in different columns on Exhibits 1 and 2. Each of the statements starts with a column of information based on activities of the General Fund and reconciles it to a column that reports the "governmental activities" of the District as a whole.

The governmental activities columns are reported on the full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in two parts: investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of the District are offset by revenues. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund are presented on the modified accrual basis and report current financial resources.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The District reports the General Fund as its only major governmental fund. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of the government.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers all revenues, except reimbursement grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Reimbursement grants are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred under the modified accrual basis.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

C. Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Intergovernmental revenues are reported in conformity with the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs. Generally, grant revenues are recognized when the corresponding expenditures are incurred and eligibility requirements are met.

Interest earnings are recognized when earned. Other revenues are recognized when they are received in cash because they usually are not measureable until then.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, revenues for nonexchange transactions are recognized based on the principal characteristics of the revenue.

Exchange transactions are recognized as revenue when the exchange occurs.

D. Budget Information

The District adopts an estimated revenue and expenditure budget for the general fund. Comparisons of estimated revenues and budgeted expenditure to actual are presented in the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the original budget require District approval. Appropriations lapse at year-end. The District does not use encumbrance accounting.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect: the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Assets

Prepaid items represent cash disbursed to Rock County in advance of services performed.

Capital assets are reported on a net (depreciated) basis. General capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost. The cost of property, plant, and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of related assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method.

The useful lives of property, plant, and equipment for the purpose of computing depreciation is 5 to 10 years for machinery and equipment. The District uses the threshold of \$500 for capitalizing assets purchased.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

2. Liabilities

Current liabilities primarily represent payables to other governments. The District has no long-term liabilities.

3. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds and government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

4. Classifications of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the General Fund. The classifications are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the District's Supervisory Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless these supervisory board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- <u>Assigned</u> amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District's Supervisory Board.
- <u>Unassigned</u> the residual classification for the General Fund; it includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity – Continued

4. Classifications of Fund Balance – Continued

Rock Soil and Water Conservation District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Explanation of Adjustments Column in Statements

<u>Capital Assets</u> – In the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, an adjustment is made if the District has capital assets. This adjustment equals the net book balance of capitalized assets as of the report date, and reconciles to the amount reported in the Capital Assets Note.

<u>Depreciation</u> – In the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, the adjustment equals the total depreciation for the year reported. This number is supported by figures in the note on Capital Assets.

2. Detailed Notes

A. Cash

1. Deposits

Cash transactions are administered by the District, who is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. Rock County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least 10% more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

2. Detailed Notes - Continued

A. Cash – Continued

2. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. <u>Investments</u>

The District may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04 and § 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the state of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

The District had no investments at December 31, 2022.

2. <u>Detailed Notes</u> – Continued

B. Receivables

The District did not have any receivables scheduled to be collected beyond one year as of December 31, 2022. Receivables as of December 31, 2022, for the District's governmental activities are as follows:

	Receivable	S
Governmental Activities		
Due from other governments	\$ 3,63	37

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	I	ncrease	Dec	crease	Ending Balance
Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 61,422 (53,078)	\$	(2,259)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 61,422 (55,337)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,344	\$	(2,259)	\$	-	\$ 6,085

Current year depreciation expense of \$2,259 was charged to conservation for the year ended December 31, 2022.

D. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Payables	
Governmental Activities		
Accounts	\$	974
Due to other governments		1,203,775
		·
Total Payables	\$	1,204,749

3. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

At December 31, 2022, the District's General Fund had expenditures of \$1,244,646, which exceeded the final budgeted expenditures of \$308,693 by \$935,953. These excess expenditures were funded by revenues in excess of budget.

4. Joint Powers

A joint powers agreement between Rock County and Rock Soil and Water Conservation District was entered into pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 471.59 and 103C.231 on April 1, 1996 with amendments made January 22, 2002. The agreement provides for administrative, personnel and financial management and other operational functions necessary to carry out the duties and programs of the Soil and Water Conservation District. The County provides all necessary office space, equipment, supplies, and personnel necessary to administer and operate the program and projects of the Soil and Water Conservation District. However, the Soil and Water Conservation District shall retain the management and control over all funds for conservation projects and practices.

5. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; workers; compensation claims; and natural disasters. Property and casualty liabilities and workers compensation are insured through Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust. The District retains risk for the deductible portion of the insurance. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

The Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust is a public entity risk pool currently operated as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The District pays an annual premium based on annual payroll paid to the County for services to the District. There were no significant increases or reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.



EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental							
Federal	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 37,074	\$	37,074
State		286,143		286,143	1,163,834		877,691
Total Intergovernmental		286,143		286,143	 1,200,908		914,765
Charges for services		20,250		20,250	19,514		(736)
Miscellaneous		1,550		1,550	19,411		17,861
Investment earnings		750		750	20,888		20,138
Total Revenues	\$	308,693	\$	308,693	\$ 1,260,721	\$	952,028
Expenditures							
District Operations							
Other services and charges	\$	140,600	\$	140,600	\$ 190,030	\$	(49,430)
Project Expenditures							
District		23,293		23,293	21,499		1,794
State		144,800		144,800	993,339		(848,539)
Federal		-		-	37,057		(37,057)
National Wildlife Federation		-		-	2,721		(2,721)
Total Project Expenditures	\ <u></u>	168,093		168,093	 1,054,616		(886,523)
Total Expenditures	\$	308,693	\$	308,693	\$ 1,244,646	\$	(935,953)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,075	\$	16,075
Fund Balance - January 1		103,066		103,066	 103,066		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	103,066	\$	103,066	\$ 119,141	\$	16,075

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

I. General Fund Policies

The board of supervisors adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund. The budget may be amended or modified at any time by the board of supervisors. Comparisons of final budgeted revenues and expenditures to actual are presented in the required supplementary information for the General Fund.

II. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

III. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

At December 31, 2022, the District's General Fund had expenditures of \$1,244,646, which exceeded the final budgeted expenditures of \$308,693 by \$935,953.



EXHIBIT B-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	G	overnmental Funds
Grants		
State		
Water and Soil Resources	\$	1,151,164
Natural Resources		9,950
Agriculture		2,720
Total State	<u>\$</u>	1,163,834
Federal		
Department of		
Fish and Wildlife	\$	37,074
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,200,908



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Supervisors Rock Soil and Water Conservation District Luverne, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of Rock Soil and Water Conservation District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-01 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

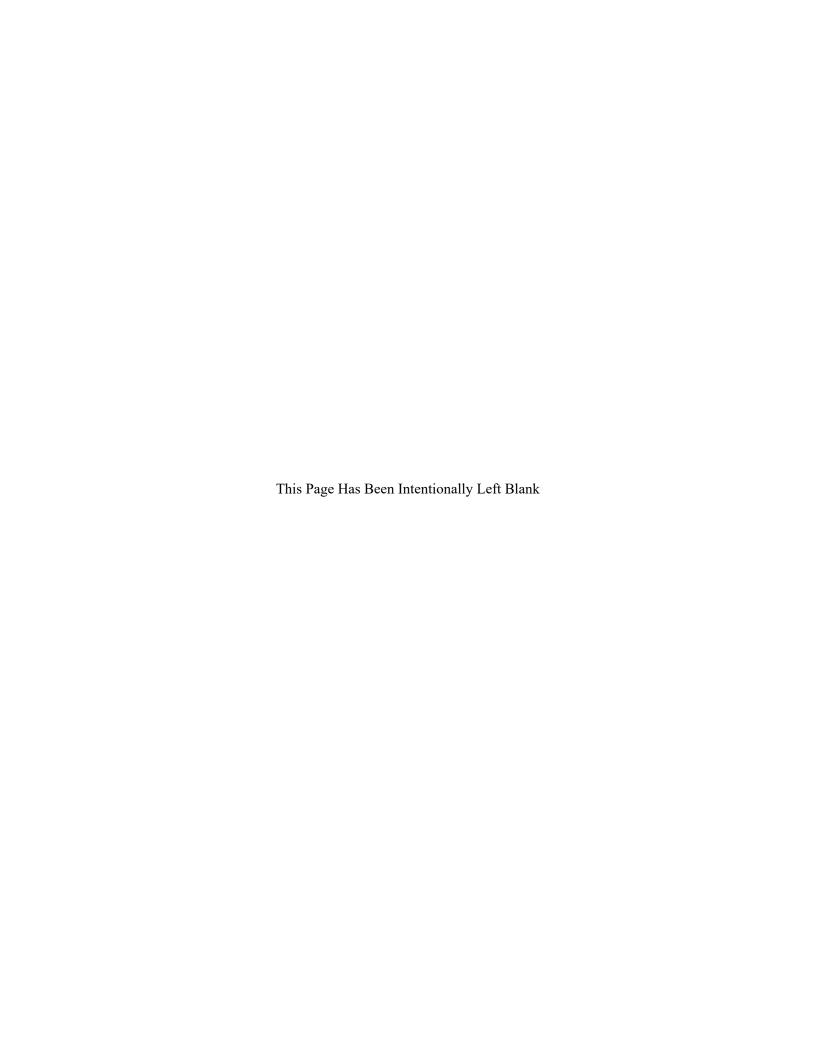
Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota October 27, 2023





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Supervisors Rock Soil and Water Conservation District Luverne, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of Rock Soil and Water Conservation District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2023.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting – bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes* § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Alexandria, Minnesota October 27, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

MATERIAL WEAKNESS IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

2022-001 – SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Condition: Adequate segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not in place, specifically over cash receipts from tree sales.

Criteria or Specific Requirement: Management should constantly be aware of the need to have adequate segregation of duties regarding the processing of transactions for the District. The concentration of duties and responsibilities in one or very few individuals is not desirable from an internal control perspective.

Effect: The lack of adequate segregation of duties can result in incorrect financial information, failure to detect misstatements or misappropriations, and the lack of adherence to the District's procedures.

Cause: The District relies on County employees, and there are a limited number of personnel at the County for adequate segregation of duties for the District.

Repeat Finding: Yes, 2021-001.

Recommendation: County management should continue to be aware of the lack of segregation of duties within the accounting functions and provide oversight to ensure the internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by District staff. We recommend the District implement a reconciliation process between the inventory of trees and the receipts collected.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The District is aware of the lack of segregation of duties in the office due to the limited number of County personnel available. The County and District will continue to monitor internal controls in place.

PREVIOUSLY REPROTED ITEMS RESOLVED

2021-002 - MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS

